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AASS Polyclonal Antibody

Catalog No	YP-Ab-02449			
Isotype	lgG			
Reactivity	Human;Rat;Mouse;			
Applications	WB;ELISA			
Gene Name	AASS			
Protein Name	Alpha-aminoadipic semialdehyde synthase mitochondrial			
Immunogen	The antiserum was produced against synthesized peptide derived from human AASS. AA range:251-300			
Specificity	AASS Polyclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of AASS protein.			
Formulation	Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide.			
Source	Polyclonal, Rabbit,IgG			
Purification	The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit antiserum by affinity-chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen.			
Dilution	Western Blot: 1/500 - 1/2000. ELISA: 1/10000. Not yet tested in other applications.			
Concentration	1 mg/ml			
Purity	≥90%			
Storage Stability	-20°C/1 year			
Synonyms	AASS; Alpha-aminoadipic semialdehyde synthase; mitochondrial; LKR/SDH			
Observed Band	102kD			
Cell Pathway	Mitochondrion .			
Tissue Specificity	Expressed in all 16 tissues examined with highest expression in the liver.			
Function	catalytic activity:N(6)-(L-1,3-dicarboxypropyl)-L-lysine + NAD(+) + H(2)O = L-glutamate + 2-aminoadipate 6-semialdehyde + NADH.,catalytic activity:N(6)-(L-1,3-dicarboxypropyl)-L-lysine + NADP(+) + H(2)O = L-lysine + 2-oxoglutarate + NADPH.,disease:Defects in AASS are the cause of hyperlysinemia [MIM:238700]. Hyperlysinemia is an autosomal recessive condition characterized by hyperlysinemia lysinuria and variable saccharopinuria.,function:Bifunctional enzyme that catalyzes the first two steps in lysine degradation. The N-terminal and the C-terminal contain lysine-ketoglutarate reductase and saccharopine dehydrogenase activity, respectively.,induction:Induced by starvation.,pathway:Amino-acid degradation; L-lysine degradation via saccharopine pathway; glutaryl-CoA from L-lysine: step 1/6.,pathway:Amino-acid degradation; L-lysine degradation via saccharopine pathway; glutaryl-CoA from L-lys			



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Background	This gene encodes a bifunctional enzyme that catalyzes the first two steps in the mammalian lysine degradation pathway. The N-terminal and the C-terminal portions of this enzyme contain lysine-ketoglutarate reductase and saccharopine dehydrogenase activity, respectively, resulting in the conversion of lysine to alpha-aminoadipic semialdehyde. Mutations in this gene are associated with familial hyperlysinemia. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008],
matters needing attention	Avoid repeated freezing and thawing!
Usage suggestions	This product can be used in immunological reaction related experiments. For more information, please consult technical personnel.

Products Images



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HeLa 293 HUVEC 293	117 85	Western blot analysis HeLa cells, using AA is blocked with the sy	s of lysates from 293, HUVEC, and SS Antibody. The lane on the right ynthesized peptide.
	48 34		
	26 19 (kD)		
(kD) 117- 85- AASS		Western blot analysis cells using AASS ant	s of the lysates from COLO205 libody.
48- 34-			
26- 19-			